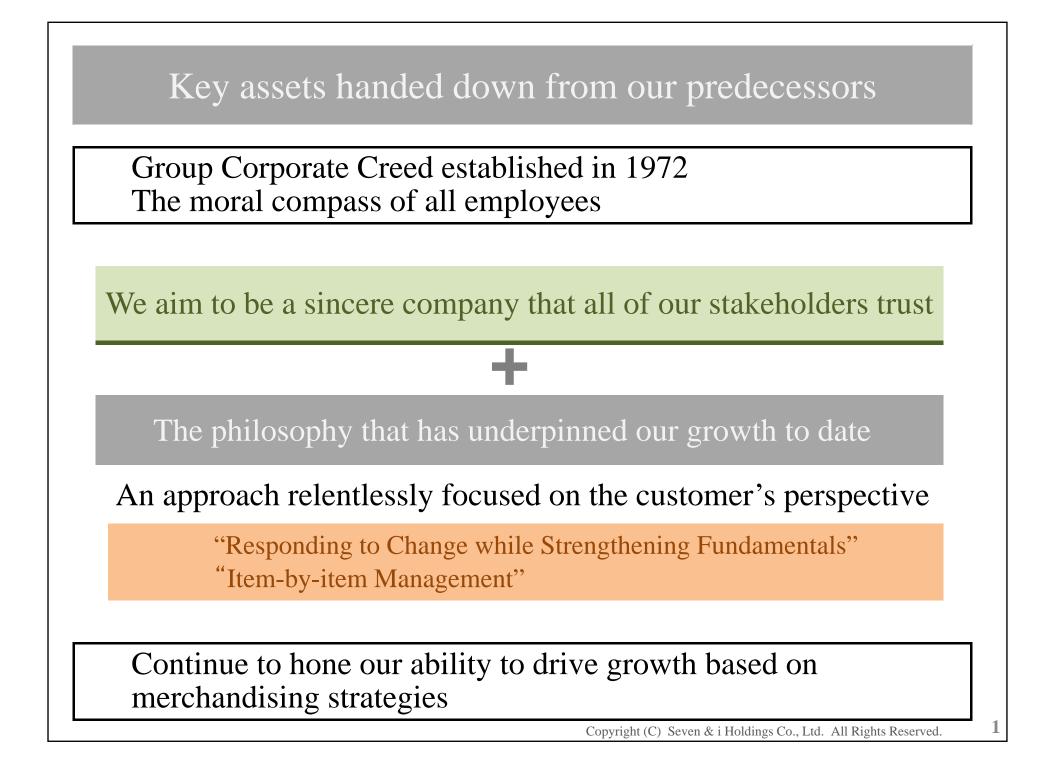


Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd. 100 Day Plan = Medium-Term Management Plan

October 7, 2016

Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.





Management priority = identify structural issues

Investment	ΙY		Cumulative capital e since the establishme	expenditures ent of 7&iHD	Cumulative EBITDA [after tax]		
efficiency			413.6 br	n yen	243.5 bn yen [146.1 bn yen]		
M&A	S S		Acquisition cost in 2006	Cumulative capital expenditures since acquisition		Cumulative EBITDA [after tax]	
MaA	ממ	3	236.4 bn yen 226.5 bn ye		en	274.6 bn yen [164.7 bn yen]	
Special losses	Cumulative special losses of 620.3 bn yen over the past 11 years; our response to underperforming businesses presents issues						
The Omni- Channel Strategy	Situation differs from initial plans						
Pave the way for increasing corporate value by strengthening governance as a holding company							
				Copyright (C) Se	ven & i Holdings	s Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved. 2	

Seven & i Group's Management Policy

Basic policy: "Sincere" and "Trust" "Responding to Change while Strengthening Fundamentals" Enhance convenience in daily life by supplying products and services, while staying closely attuned to the life stages and Goals settings of customers Become an endearing group indispensable to communities Harness all manner of resources, including business partners and technological innovation in society Imperatives

Pursue the absolute value of products and services and the maximization of customer satisfaction

Notice Regarding Memorandum of Understanding on Execution of a Capital and Business Alliance Agreement (MOU) with H2O Retailing^{*}

* H2O

Purpose of the MOU * = Future direction of new management

Promote the "selection and concentration" of each geographic area and business category

The Company	 Concentrate management resources in the Tokyo metropolitan area, which is the largest consumer market Re-allocate resources in the department store business which faces continued difficulties Necessity of strategic partner in areas with department store withdrawals 				
H2O	 Expand contact points with customers utilizing CVS network Cultivate market concentration strategy in Kansai area by succeeding stores 				
Execute the MOU on Capital and Business Alliance judged to link to realizing respective management strategies					
To smoothly hold shares	y implement the MOU and to develop a strong relationship, mutually				
*Memorandum of U	Inderstanding toward Execution of a Capital and Business Alliance Agreement				

Details of business alliance for examination

Concrete Measures in the Agreement

Department Store Strategy	• Consider transferring the Kansai department store operations (Takatsuki, Kobe and Seishin)
Point Strategy	• System in which "S points"* of the Hankyu Hanshin Group may be earned and redeemed at SEJ stores
Other	•Strongest department store in Kansai region × SEJ's store network ?!
e.g.	 Handling and direct delivery at stores by SEJ of gift products of the Hankyu Hanshin Department Stores, which is a dominant brand in Kansai region
* Points that may be "e	arned" and "redeemed" in the Hankyu Hanshin Group's facilities and under various circumstances

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Overview;

100 Day Plan = Medium-Term Management Plan

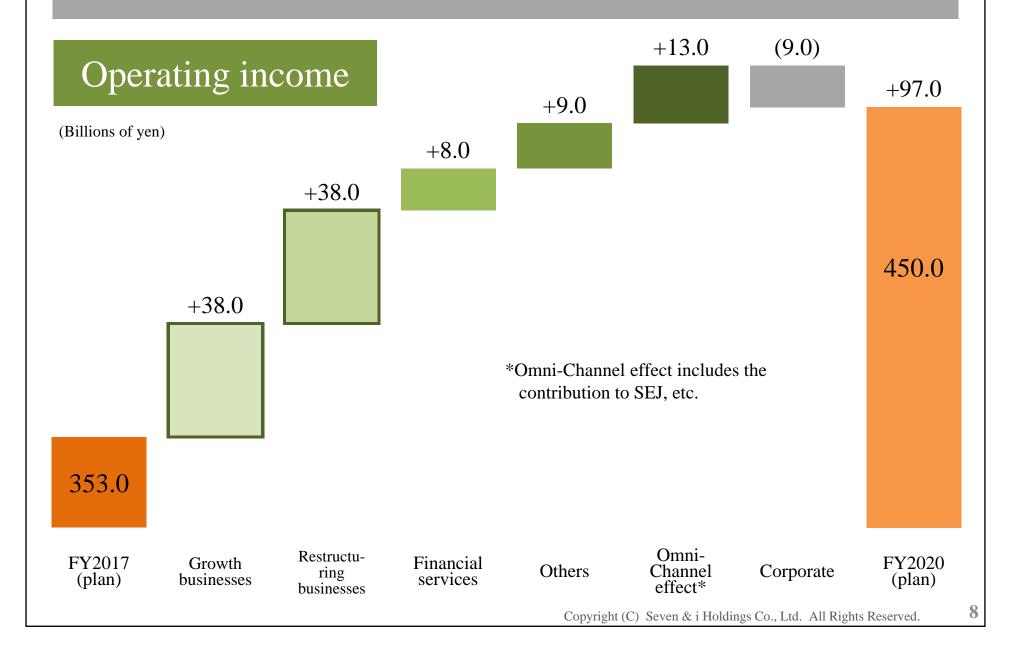
■ Numerical target in FY2020;

Consolidated operating income 450.0 bn yen ROE10%

Ι	Concentrate a management resources with a core focus on growth in CVS operations in both Japan and North America						
П	Promote "selection and concentration" of each geographic area and business category						
(1)	Memorandum of Understanding on Capital and Business Alliance with H2O Succession of the department stores in Kansai region Concentration of management resources on major stores in Tokyo metropolitan area						
(2)	IY: Start an examination measures focused on Tokyo metropolitan area and food business						
Ш	Adopting a perspective of property development in revival of GMS and department store						
IV	Reviewing the Omni-Channel Strategy: Prioritize customer lifetime value from the standpoint of the customer's strategy						
V	V Formulate our strategy, and revise our segments from the perspective of our management approach by next spring						
	6						

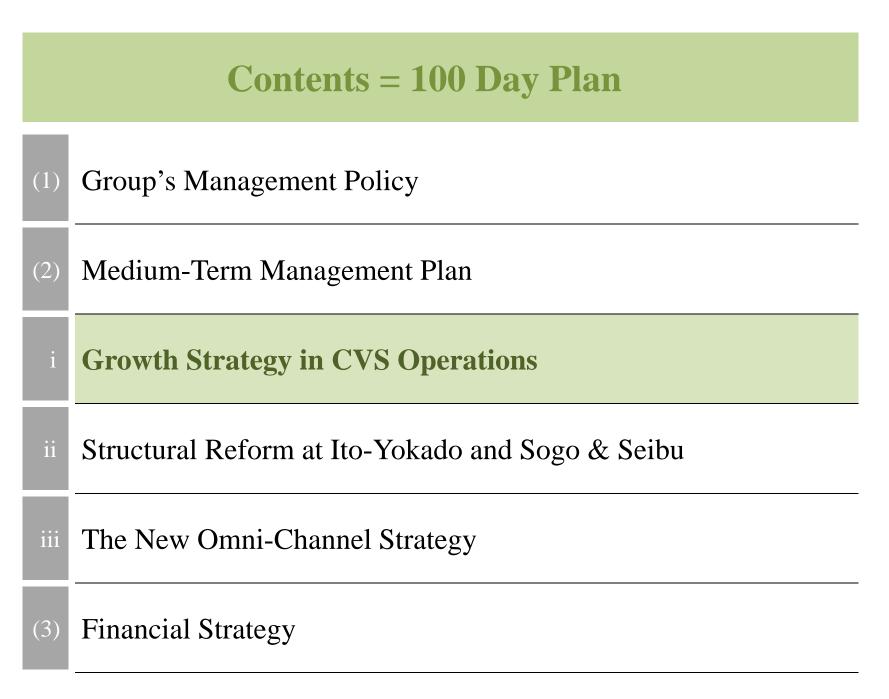
FY2017strFY2018LaOn Str	rmulate growth ategy unch the new	+	Analyze and clarify issues from the past
FY2018 On Str	unch the new		L
	nni-Channel ategy	+	Dramatically reduce losses Start the food strategy in Tokyo metropolitan area
FY2019 Dr. thr Ch	ive growth ough the Omni- annel Strategy	+	Launch the food strategy
F Y 2 0 2 0 Fir	nal fiscal year	+	Announce the next Medium-Term Management Plan

Medium-term numerical targets for Seven & i Group



Positioning of Group Strategies and Each Operating Company

	SEJ	SEI	IY	YB	SS	Financial Services	Specialty Stores
Growth strategy business	Ø	Ø					
Strengthen financial services	O		0	0	0	Ø	0
Strengthen food in the Tokyo metropolitan area	Ø		Ø	0	Ø		
Promote structural reforms			Ø		Ø		
Property utilization business			Ø		Ø		0
The Omni-Channel Strategy	Ø		0	0	0	0	0
© companies leading the promotion of strategies C companies promoting strategies							
Consider switching to	segment	managen	nent base	d on man	agement	approach	es
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Seven-Eleven Japan

SEJ

Seven-Eleven Japan : Continuing Evolution

An unwavering absolute competitive advantage

Differentiation of original daily products

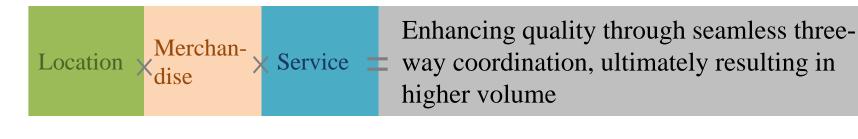


• Manufacturing plants in 179 locations throughout Japan: Ratio of dedicated plants 92% (As of June 30, 2016)

Everything is developed from the customer's perspective, including exclusive recipes, raw materials, and equipment.

Dedicated combined distribution centers for each temperature range in 150 locations throughout Japan

Ceaselessly pursue the absolute value of products, with no end to the evolution of product supply infrastructure



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Seven-Eleven Japan : Transformation (1)

Further enhance the quality of existing stores

Revise store
opening and
closure
standardsPurpose: Enhance franchisee satisfaction
= improve Head Office profitabilityRaise the hurdle rate for store openings; Revise planned store
openings from 1,800 stores to 1,700 storesAccelerate store closures raising standard for store-invigoration;
Revise planned store closures from 600 stores to 800 stores

Further enhance the motivation of franchisees, the Group's greatest growth engine

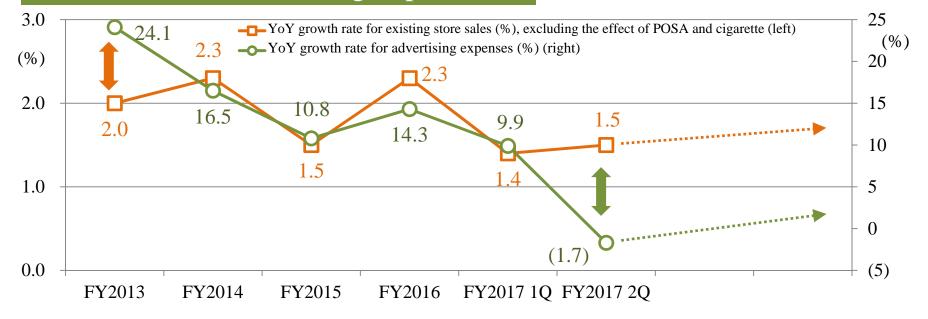
Maximizing franchisee satisfaction will benefit all stakeholders

11

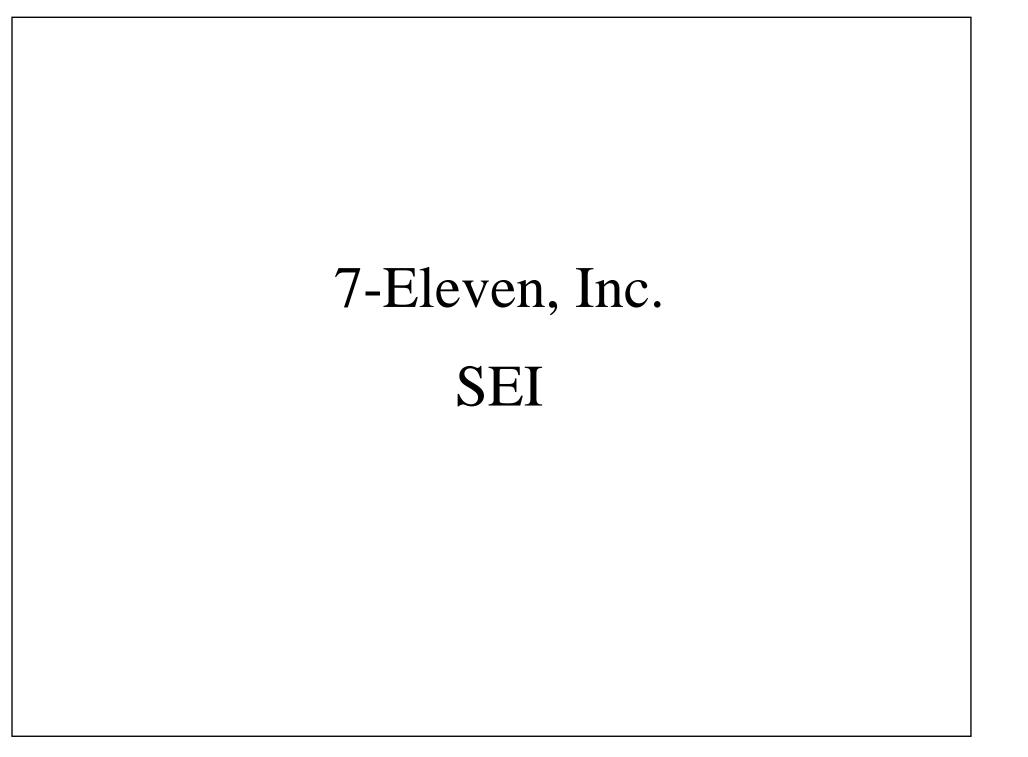
Seven-Eleven Japan : Transformation (2)

Revising sales promotions

Trend in YoY growth rates for existing store sales and advertising expenses

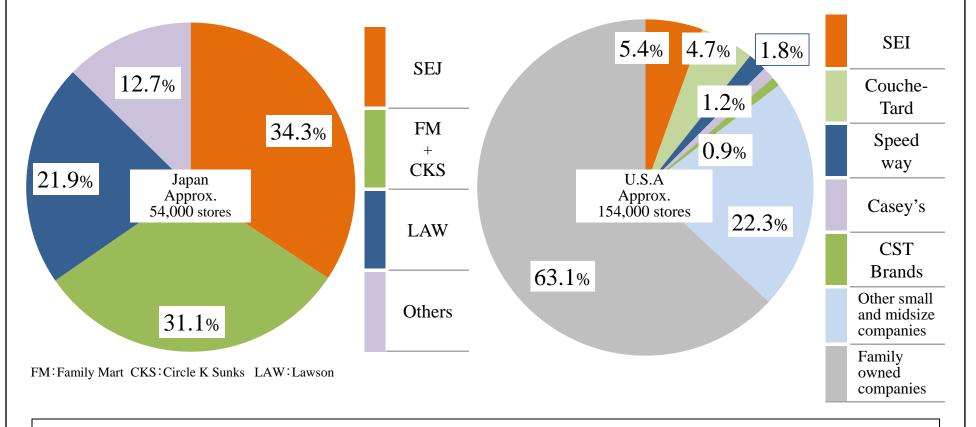


Examine the nature of sales promotions based on the New Omni-Channel Strategy



CVS market in North America; Subdivided market centered on family owned companies

Share comparison in Japan and in U.S.A



Market share of top 3; Japan 87.3% vs North America 12.0%

Source: [Japan] Financial results of each companies and Japan Franchise Association as of February 2016

[USA] NACS 2015 as of December 2015

Figures of SEI, Coushe-Tard, and CST Brands include Canadian stores

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CVS market in North America is at an inflection point and there are a lot of business opportunities in the market

■Oil Majors exiting retail

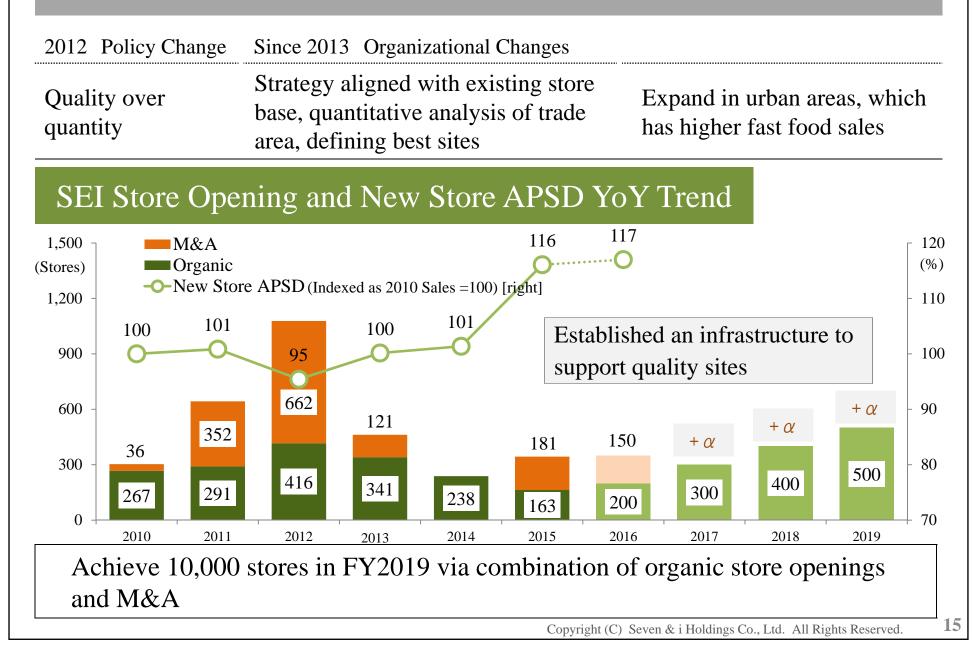
■Industry roll up and consolidation

201	13 149,000 Stores		2015 154,000 Stores	
Rank	Name	Share	Name	Share
1	7-Eleven, Inc.	5.0%	7-Eleven, Inc.	5.4%
2	Shell	3.3%	Couche-Tard	4.7%
3	BP	3.0%	Speedway	1.8%
4	Chevron	2.7%	Casey's	1.2%
5	Couche-Tard	2.5%	CST Brands	0.9%
6	ExxonMobil	2.3%	Aplus	0.9%
7	Speedway	1.3%	Murphy	0.8%
8	Rank 8~100 (60+ Stores)	19.9%	Rank 8~100 (60+ Stores)	14.2%
101	Rank 101~ (Less 60 Stores)	59.8%	Rank 101~ (Less 60 Stores)	70.1%
Total		100.0%		100.0%

CVS Sector in North America has a huge potential to grow

Source: 2013 CSNews, 2015 CSPnet and NACS 2015 numbers for 7-Eleven, Inc., Couche-Tard, CST Brands includes Canadian stores

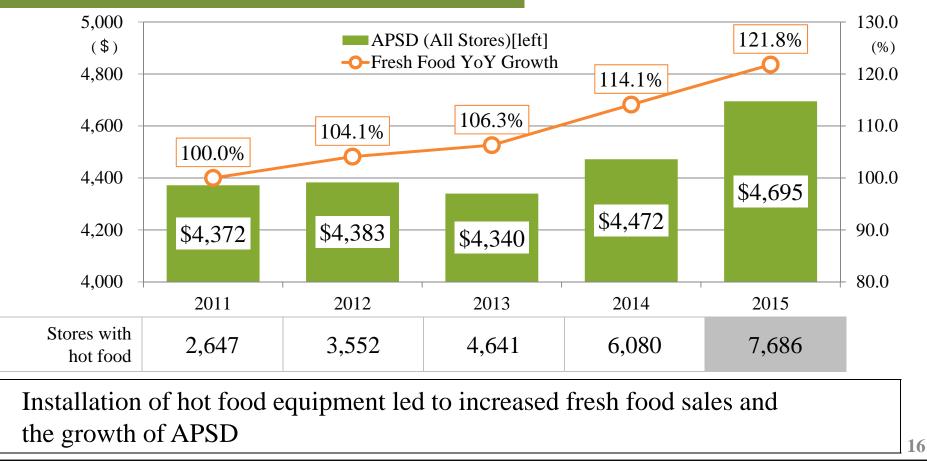
SEI: Store Opening Strategy = Market Concentration



SEI Merchandising Strategy = Strengthening fresh food, led by Fast Food

Policy since FY2012 Introduction of equipment to enable hot food sales at the sales counter

SEI APSD and Fresh Food YoY Trend



SEI Merchandising strategy

Challenges

Fresh food mix to total sales is still low, and infrastructure to provide products are still in development

Warabeya Nichiyo HD announced to acquire 19.3% of Prime Deli^{*} shares (announced on April 13th)

Warabeya Nichiyo's parnership with SEVEN-ELEVEN HAWAII, INC. (SEH) since 1982

Providing rice and bread products.

Captured the local needs and developed items that became local favorites

Ex. Spam *Musubi* (Picture) increased sales successfully backed by customers' support



FY2015 SEH Results : APSD \$7,983 Fast food sales mix 35.4%

*Note: Prime Deli is a company that supplies sandwiches and other products to approx. 600 7-11 stores in Texas

Warabeya's know-hows are applicable to mainland US, achieve FY2019 goal of APSD \$5,000



Fundamental management issues common to IY and SS

A challenging environment to generate profit in excess of the cost of capital through store operations alone

Aging facilities are another problem.

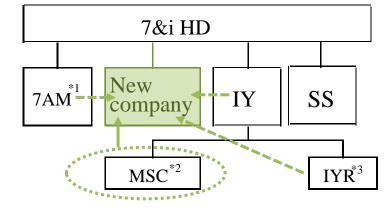
Reference) Share of stores more than 30 years old IY [30%] and SS [67%]

Sharp increase in maintenance and refurbishment costs, the problem of deteriorating profitability, worsening efficiency of growth investments in aging stores

Response : Carve out the relevant fixed assets and set up a company to manage the assets



: Make decisions from a Group-wide perspective, including using the assets for purposes other than each company's retail facilities



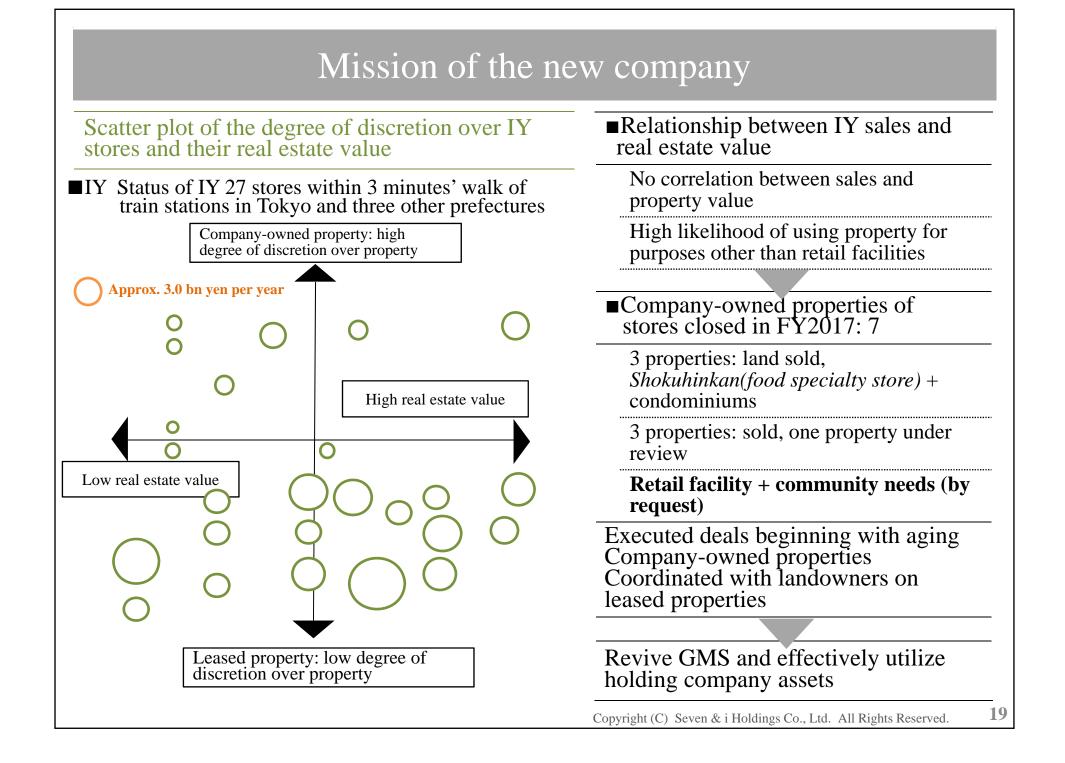
[Future image of the new organization]

- Planning for increasing the asset efficiency of the Group's real estate
- Formulating asset reutilization plans in line with changes in the surrounding environment
- A integration of the property management company will be considered

*Strengthen the functions of Mall & SC Development, IY's development company, and convert to a wholly owned subsidiary.

*1. Owns land, buildings and other facilities of SEIBU Ikebukuro
*2. Property management company for *Ario* *3. Owns five IY stores

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Future direction of Ito-Yokado stores

Store closures will be decided based on operating cash flow, age of property, and community aspects

Inumber of store	INumber of stores by store format(existing store basis in early FY 2017)					
	At the start of FY2017	Closures in FY2017	Closures between FY2018 to FY2021	At the end of FY2021		
Ario ^{*1}	17	—	—	17		
GMS^{*2}	136	13	16	107		
Food specialty store	29	7	4	18		
Total	182	20	20	142		

Number of stores by store format(existing store basis in early FY2017)

*1. Shopping center with IY as core tenant (Share of sales by directly operated stores: Approx. 49% or less)

*2. IY stores centered on directly operated stores (Share of sales by directly operated stores: Approx. 70% or more)

Future direction by store format

Ario	Downsize directly operated sales floor space for apparel and household goods in line with the expiration of leases, targeting an operating profit margin of 3%						
GMS	Simultaneously bring in tenants directly operated sales floor space for apparel and household goods, and increasing the share of food. Further, real estate redevelopment will be conducted.						
Food specialty store Food is a growth category; conduct operations primarily in the Tokyo metropolitan area							
*Ario's Operation income ratio for the 1st half of FY2017 ; 2.0% Copyright (C) Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserve							

Ito-Yokado: Restructuring Reform through FY2020

Restructuring centered on GMS 107 stores:

Promote real estate redevelopment and store restructuring

■ Vision for GMS stores (the 107 existing stores remaining after closing 40 stores) and medium-term plan through FY2020

	Goal	Scheduled for implementation from FY2017	Scheduled for implementation up to FY2020	Scheduled for implementation from FY2021
Conversion to ^{*1} Ario	10	-	8	2
GMS	(97)	(2)	(30)	(65)
Tenant mix *2	30	2	24	4
Redevelopment, etc.	67	-	6	61
Total	107	2	38	67

*1. Directly operated sales floor space of 16,529 m² or more

*2. Directly operated sales floor space less than 16,529 m^2

FY2020 endpoints for Ito-Yokado

■ Number of stores by format at the end of FY2020 based on the number of stores at the start of FY2017

	At the start of FY2017	At the end of FY2020	Notes	
<i>Ario</i> 17 25		25	17 existing <i>Ario</i> shopping centers + 8 GMS stores undergoing restructuring	
GMS 136		67	Existing 136 stores – 29 closed stores – 8 stores converte to <i>Ario</i> – 26 stores undergoing tenant mix initiatives – 6 redeveloped stores	
Tenant mix	-	26	26 stores undergoing tenant mix initiatives	
Redevelopment, etc.	-	[6]	6 stores converted to food specialty stores by redevelopment	
Food specialty 29 24		24	29 existing food specialty stores – 11 closed stores + GMS redevelopment stores	
Total 182		142	Notes: 1. In principle, new store openings will be frozen for the time being, except for food specialty stores	
			2. Investment amounts are as below; Conversion to Ario: 1 bn yen Tenant mix initiatives: 0.5 bn yen	
			3. Assuming that 40 stores have been completely closed by the end of FY2020	
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Ito-Yokado: FY	2020 KPI targets and future risks				
Operating income	Operation income ratio 1.3 % 15.0 bn yen				
Directly operated sales floor space ratio	58% in FY2016 \Rightarrow 49% in FY2020				
	Responses to regional stores				
Anticipated risks	Deepen collaboration with partners				
and countermeasures	Response to further deterioration in the apparel and household goods businesses				
	Examine personnel cuts and further store closures				
	the targets of the medium-term management plan djusting tactics by monitoring conditions				

Sogo & Seibu

Positioning of department stores in the Seven & i Group

·Necessary as a special day consumption channel under our Omni-Channel Strategy

• In the midst of the inevitability of the shrinking department store market, there is a significant meaning in owning a No.1 store in the region

• Investigate Kansai region stores that have significant problems such as being an older store, on the assumption of succeeding to the business

MOU on Capital and Business Alliance with H2O Retailing (H2O)

Imperatives

•Realization of re-allocation of resources in the department store business, footing for creating the No. 1 store in the region

Sogo & Seibu: FY2020 KPI targets and future risks		
Operating income	Operating income ratio1.8% 13.0 bn yen	
Anticipated risks and countermeasures	Responses to regional stores	
	Consider changes in business format with a view to utilizing real estate	
	Further deterioration in the apparel business	
	Examine personnel cuts and further store closures	

Seek to achieve the targets of the medium-term management plan while flexibly adjusting tactics by monitoring conditions



- (1) Group's Management Policy
- (2) Medium-Term Management Plan
- i Growth Strategy in CVS Operations
- ii Structural Reform at Ito-Yokado and Sogo & Seibu
- iii The New Omni-Channel Strategy
- (3) Financial Strategy

The Omni-Channel Strategy

Reconsider from the customer's perspective by reviewing strategies focused on the e-commerce business

Group Strengths	·22.0 million customer visits per day, centered on SEJ	
	• A network of real stores that can cover all life stages from daily life to special days	
	• Possessing a wide range of settlement services, in addition to real stores and e-commerce sites	
Redefine the Omni- Channel Strategy	• Connect customers using Group-stores with the common ID and pursue service quality across all channels	
	⇒ Customer strategy = Measures to increase the number of customers through unified management of customer information (purchasing behavior)	
	• CRM ^{*1} = Conduct detailed personalized sales promotions, along with sales promotions based on LTV ^{*2}	
*1. A massing and tr	acking customer information and customer service logs, and applying this data to personalized sales	
promotions and of *2. Life Time Value the period be or s	(LTV): Offering services according to the profit (value) derived from a single customer throughout he does business with the Group	
the period he of s	Copyright (C) Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.	26

Aiming to make the app an engagement tool with customers



An app you want to check everyday



- ·Collective sales promotions
- ·Purchase-linked games
- ·Information on purchased products (calories, allergens)
- •Coordination with e-commerce sites (*omni*7) 27

Main thrust is to capture Group synergies: Link all manner of consumption settings and add services based on LTV Akachan Honpo (AH) could become a key company for the Omni-Channel Strategy Annual number of Number of newly registered Market recognition births 1 million^{*1} members 530,000 per year*2 rate 96%*3 AH customers as seen by the Group until now Future approach Increase points if customers also shop at IY Net Supermarket Convenient to use until children Propose ways to form a lifelong business reach an age of around 3 years old \Rightarrow relationship after customers stop shopping at AH

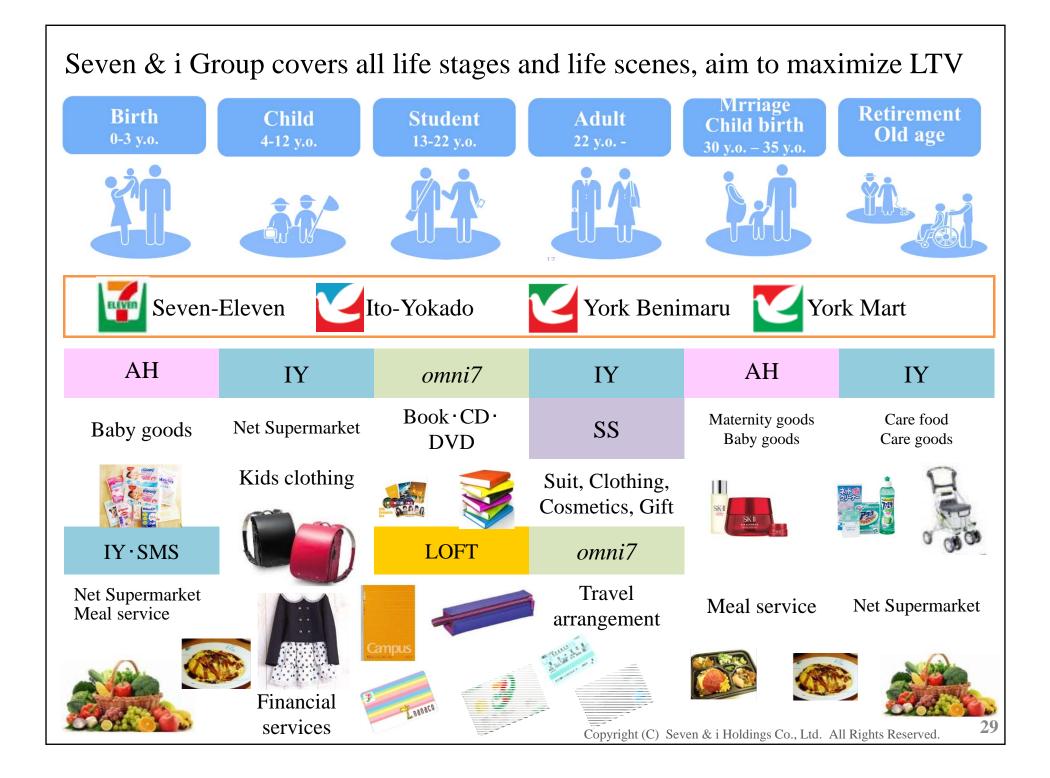
•Cover all life stages and LTV from "Close by, convenient" to "life's most special days"

Aiming to growth while staying closely attuned to the life stages and settings of customers.

*1. Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, 2015

*2. FY2016 result

*3. Questionnaire conducted by AH





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- iii The New Omni-Channel Strategy
- (3) **Financial Strategy**

Financial Strategy

Capital expenditures	 Disciplined investment aiming to achieve ROA which each operation set Examine investment efficiency through Portfolio Committee Priority allocation to growth businesses (M&As will also be considered in the North American CVS business) Restructuring businesses will invigorate existing stores The scale of consolidated capital expenditures will peak out in the current fiscal year
Fund procurement	 While maintaining the Group's AA rating, Procure interest-bearing debt if funds are required for growth strategies Tolerate a debt/equity ratio of around 0.5 based on expectations of growth in financial services
Shareholder returns	 Maintain a consolidated payout ratio of 40% Adopt flexible capital policies, while considering the balance with investments in growth businesses The dividend forecast will not be reduced even amid the business restructuring currently under way

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